

The path towards mass manufacturing of optical waveguide combiners via large-area nanoimprinting

SPIE.AR VR MR 2022

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Beyond Wafer-scale

- Cost is king if AR Glasses want to be the 'next big thing'
- Goal Show a path beyond wafer-scale for AR Waveguide Optics Mass Manufacturing is viable
- Showcasing a 'basic' proof-of-concept & entire value chain that can produce AR waveguide optics in high-volume
- Design for Manufacturability & Affordability Same design & manufacturing rules don't apply!
- Master up-scaling needed to help lower the barrier of entry Keep master costs low & tile-up many on a 'working stamp"







Complete Value Chain of Pioneers

New Standards in Fast Physical Optics with Design Software VirtualLab Fusion



VirtualLab Fusion operates with a breakthrough technology for optical modeling & design beyond ray tracing A powerful platform for innovative developments: LiDAR, AR/MR/VR

Glasses, Laser Systems, Gratings, etc.

Pioneering – responsibly – together

Founder Otto Schott is considered the inventor of optical glass and became the pioneer of an entire industry.



Always opening up new markets and applications with a pioneering spirit and passion - for more than 130 years.

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Large Area High-Precision Gratings

Accuracy in grating periodicity across large areas Capable of designing & delivering non-periodic gratings



Leaders of Large-Area Nanoimprinting

World's largest-area, commercially available, fully integrated nanoimprinting machine

Cost-effective mass manufacturing of nano/micron structures via large-area nanoimprinting

Enabling Smarter Future

Global market leader in automated optical metrology & characterization solutions for AR waveguides and displays throughout the entire product life-cycle from R&D to high volume manufacturing



Design of Lightguide – Lateral Layout



Specifications:

- 532nm wavelength
- 1D-1D pupil expansion
- FOV: 32°×18°
- Eyebox: 15mm × 8mm
- Substrate: Schott Realview 1.9
- 1D-periodic gratings
- Refractive index of resin: 1.9





Design of Lightguide – Grating Parameters



Incoupler:

- Period: 415nm
- Blaze angle: 29.9°

EPE:

- Period: 293.45nm
- Width of ridge: 50–163nm (smooth variation)
- Height: 50nm (constant)

Outcoupler:

- Period: 415nm
- Width of ridge: 113–246nm (smooth variation)
- Height: 50–100 nm (smooth variation)







Design of Lightguide – Grating Parameters

100n

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Parametric optimization of ridge width and heights

in EPE & outcoupler

246nm



LIGHTTRANS

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Result of optimized system



Result of ray tracing for central FOV mode



for illustration just light hitting the eyebox shown

Light distribution in eyebox for central FOV mode



including polarization effects & rigorously calculated grating responses



Waveguide Optics Mastering



A: Complete AR master with blazed input grating (1), fill factor modulated expander grating (2) and depth and fill factor modulated output grating (3).

B: AFM scans of Output grating showing both fill factor modulation from 17% (top) to 56% (bottom) and depth modulation from 72 nm (top) to 92 nm (bottom).

C: AFM scan of blazed input grating showing the sharp profile with 29 degrees blaze angle.





Surface topology directly impacts waveguide performance









RealView[®] technology continues to fuel AR industry

SCHOTT glass made of ideas



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Manufacturing scaling advantage



morphotonics



- Masters can be tedious & complex to originate, only a limited number of eyepieces can be made in wafer format
- Upscaling of masters is needed to increase throughput
- Roll-to-Plate (R2P) NIL can replicate multiple scaled-up masters on large substrates or smaller wafers grouped together



Going beyond wafer-scale



Single eyepiece Master





Upscaled Submaster



- From a single eye-piece to imprinting 30-up on 4 wafers per run (on Gen-3.5 carrier)
- Imprint using HDS (High Dimensionally Stable) stamp ensuring dimensional stability
- Imprinting in resin with 1.9RI on smaller 1.9RI wafers*
- Squared wafers have more than 25% surface area than circular wafers**
- Replication on round wafers is also possible by using a wafer-carrier

Gen-3.5 size Imprint





*1.9 RI resin (PixNIL-SFT1) co-developed with Pixelligent, resin formulation can also be further tuned in RI **300mm circular wafer vs. 300mm squared wafer





Grating characterization



Littrow diffractometer

- Finds the Littrow angle, where light diffracts back to the laser from the grating
- Grating equation used to calculate the grating period
- Hardware: ultra-stable laser at 405 nm, very accurate rotation stages
- Relative grating line orientation can also be measured



Results, (Sample 3-6)

- Average period vs. nominal 415 nm
 - 414.98 nm, Grating 1
 - 414.88 nm, Grating 3 ± 40 pm (1 sigma)
- Relative orientation, Grating 1 vs. 3 (nominal 90 deg)
 89.99973 deg





Waveguide image quality measurements

User experience is characterized by the observed image quality from the eyebox of the waveguide



Measurement system

- Custom reticle projector to illuminate the input grating
 - Köhler illumination, 16 x 16 deg FOV
 - Green LED at 532 nm
- OptoEye wide field-of-view AR/VR camera
- Laboratory setup with manual positioning

Results of first measurements

- Overall, the waveguides work well, certainly for a first trial sample
- Reference measured without the waveguide
- Luminance uniformity is visually good
- Further measurement data will be included in manuscript & poster



Summary

There is a path for Augmented Reality Waveguide Optics Mass Manufacturing...

For a successful transition to high-volume manufacturing of AR waveguide optics:

- Robust design mastering replication proven, showing good waveguiding at first pass!
- Display-oriented large-area manufacturing mindset is possible
- An end-to-end supply chain & cooperation between different disciplines is key



